VAMP 300 series HMI alarm list

1 PREFACE

Communication between VAMP 321 and I/O unit(s) is being handled via two different bus:

- so-called "CAN" bus transfers:
 - trip information from I/O unit to VAMP 321
- RS-485 bus transfers:
 - active sensor information
 - sensor errors information
 - "CAN" bus error information

NOTICE

At some parts of VAMP 321 documentation the protocols used in "CAN" and RS-485 are commonly referenced as "Arcl/O" protocol, even though they differ vastly from each other.

"CAN" bus is started automatically when cable is connected between VAMP 321 and I/O unit(s). This means that VAMP 321 will automatically receive trip information from I/O units.

RS-485 communication needs to be initialized with 'Install arc sensors & I/O units' parameter from Vampset or HMI. If communication is not initialized the active sensor, sensor error or "CAN" bus error information is not transferred to VAMP 321.

2 Internal arc sensors

2.1 ALARM LIST

ALARM LIST can be enabled:

- Vampset: 'LOCALPANEL CONF' → 'Enable alarmscreen'
- HMI: 'Evnt' → 'Alarms'

2.1.1 Activation events



Figure 1: 'Arc sensor 1 on'



Figure 2: 'Arc sensor 1 off'

NOTICE

'Arc sensor' could also be just 'sensor' for VAMP 321, but for eg. VAMP 355 there might also be other type of sensors in the future. In that case the term 'sensor' could be confusing.

2.1.2 Error events

2.1.2.1 Daylight error



Figure 3: 'Arc sensor 1 daylight error' (description is scrolling)



Figure 4: 'Arc sensor 1 daylight error off' (description is scrolling)

2.1.2.2 Short circuit error



Figure 5: 'Arc sensor 1 short circuit error'



Figure 6: 'Arc sensor 1 short circ. err off'

NOTICE

Due to the maximum allowed length of the description (32 characters, including spaces) the word 'circuit' is cut down to 'circ.'.

2.1.2.3 Not connected error



Figure 7: 'Arc sensor 1 not conn. error'



Figure 8: 'Arc sensor 1 not conn. err off'

NOTICE

Due to the maximum allowed length of the description (32 characters, including spaces) the word 'connected' is cut down to 'conn.'

2.1.3 Self diagnostic events

Device's self-diagnostic constantly monitors the system's status. In case of fault (eg. trip relay T1 is in fault, arc sensor in short circuit, etc.) an event describing the nature of fault is created and 'Sefldiag alarm' signal in OUTPUT MATRIX' is activated.

Self diagnostic events are:

- non-maskable.
- static, meaning that there is no way to add extra fault specific information in to them ("normal", eg.'short circuit error' event offers an extra information about the system's current fault).

In case of arc sensors, self-diagnostic event is created and 'Selfdiag alarm' signal activated in following cases:

- daylight error (sensor has seen light for more than ~4 sec.)
- short circuit
- not conn. (not connected). In order for this event to occur the particular sensor needs to be installed (user has triggered the installing routine from HMI or Vampset while particular sensor has been connected).



Figure 9: 'SelDiag Alarm Arc sensor'



Figure 10: 'SelfDiag Alarm Off Arc sensor'

NOTICE

Internal sensor's have their own selfdiag alarm events (event channel E57):

- 'Selfdiag Alarm Arc sensor'
- 'SelfDiag Alarm Off Arc sensor'

which are common for all the internal arc sensors' faults.

Respectively I/O unit's have their own events (event channel E56)

- 'SelfDiag Alarm I/O unit'
- 'SelfDiag Alarm Off I/O unit'

which are common for all the I/O unit faults.

[Application note]

2.2 EVENT LIST



Figure 11: 'Arc sensor 1 on'



Figure 12: 'Arc sensor 1 off'

2.2.2 Error events



Figure 13: 'Arc sensor 1 daylight error' (description is scrolling)



Figure 14: 'Arc sensor 1 daylight error off' (description is scrolling)

2.2.2.2 Short circuit error



Figure 15: 'Arc sensor 1 short circuit error'



Figure 16: 'Arc sensor 1 short circ. err off'

2.2.2.3 Not connected error



Figure 17: 'Arc sensor 1 not conn. error'



Figure 18: 'Arc sensor 1 not conn. err off'

2.2.3 Self diagnostic events

Arc sensor self-diagnostic alarms are common for all of the arc sensor error events.



Figure 19: 'SelDiag Alarm Arc sensor'



Figure 20: 'SelfDiag Alarm Off Arc sensor'

3 I/O unit arc sensors and current sensors

Tested I/O units:

- VAM 10L
- VAM 12L
- VAM 4C

3.1 ALARM LIST



Figure 21: 'I/O unit arc sensor on 0102' (I/O unit address 01, sensor 02)



Figure 22: 'I/O unit arc sensor off 0102' (I/O unit address 01, sensor 02)



Figure 23: 'I/O unit current sensor on 3302' (I/O unit address 33, sensor 02)



Figure 24: 'I/O unit current sensor off 3302' (I/O unit address 33, sensor 02)

NOTICE

'I/O unit arc sensor off...' or 'I/O unit current sensor off...' events appear only after the user has cleared the I/O units' registers from VAMP 321 (via Vampset or HMI) with 'Clear I/O units' registers'.

Respectively new 'I/O unit arc sensor on...' or 'I/O unit current sensor on...' event appear only after the previous on event has been cleared with 'Clear I/O units' registers'.

3.1.2 Error events



Figure 25: 'I/O unit Arcl/O error on 2400' (I/O unit address 24)

This error indicates an error in the so-called "CAN" bus between VAMP 321 and I/O unit. Basically it means that the I/O unit in case is not responding via "CAN" bus.

NOTICE

Code '2400' indicates that the error is not sensor related (sensor 00 doesn't exist in I/O unit).



Figure 26: 'I/O unit Arcl/O error off 2400' (I/O unit address 24)



Figure 27: 'I/O unit sensor error on 0102' (I/O unit address 01, sensor 02)





Figure 29: 'SelfDiag Alarm I/O unit'



Figure 30: 'SelfDiag Alarm Off I/O unit'

3.2 EVENT LIST



Figure 31: 'I/O unit arc sensor on 0102' (I/O unit address 01, sensor 02)



Figure 32: 'I/O unit arc sensor off 0102' (I/O unit address 01, sensor 02)



Figure 33: 'I/O unit current sensor on 3302' (I/O unit address 33, sensor 02)



Figure 34: 'I/O unit current sensor off 3302' (I/O unit address 33, sensor 02)

3.2.2 Error events EVENT LIST



Figure 35: 'I/O unit Arcl/O error on 2400' (I/O unit address 24)



Figure 36: 'I/O unit Arcl/O error off 2400' (I/Ounit address 24)



Figure 37: 'I/O unit sensor error on 0102' (I/O unit address 01, sensor 02)



Figure 38: 'I/O unit sensor error off 0102' (I/O unit address 01, sensor 02)



Figure 39: 'SelfDiag Alarm I/O unit'



Figure 40: 'SelfDiag Alarm Off I/O unit'

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